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Paper Id: 120322 Roll No: | | | |

B.TECH (SEM-III) THEORY EXAMINATION 2019-20 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS & INSTRUMENTATION

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

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SECTION

1. Attemphhuestionbrief.

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

Qno.	Question	Marks	СО
a.	Two resistance R ₁ and R ₂ are connected in parallel with R ₁ =10k ohm \pm	2	1
	5% and R_2 =5k ohm \pm 10%. Calculate the percentage error.		
b.	Give specific difference between 'accuracy 'and 'precision'?	2	1
c.	What is meant by Q factor of coil?	2	2
d.	Enlist the advantages of Kelvin's double bridge over whetstone bridge?	2	2
e.	Give specific use of Instrument Transformers.	2	3
f.	Give specific difference between load and burden of transformer?	2	3
g.	Find the amplitude of waveform if vertical amplifier is set to 5 V/div and	2	4
	waveform takes 2.5 divisions for peak voltage.		
h.	Draw basic circuit (block diagram) of digital counter.	2	4
i.	Compare Temperature Sensor - Thermistor with Thermocouple.	2	5
j.	Give two examples of smart sensor in day to day life.	2	5

SECTION B

2. Attempt any three of the following:

10x3=30

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Explain the following term- Drift, Sensitivity and Resolution	10	1
	An instrument that indicate 100 A at FSD has a specified accuracy	of	
	1% .calculate the upper and lower limits of measured current and		
	percentage error in measurement for i. FSD ii. 0.5 FSD		
b.	An AC bridge of 100 Hz has following constant arm AB R=1000 Ω , in	10	2
	parallel with $C = 0.5 \mu F$: BC R=1000 Ω in series with C=0.5 μF : C	D	
	R=200 Ω in series with L=30mH find out constant of arm DA to balance		
	the bridge.		
c.	A current transformer with a bar primary has 200 turns in its secondary	10	3
	winding. The resistance and reactance of secondary circuit are 2.5 Ω and		
	1 Ω respectively including transformer winding with 4 Amp flowing in		
	secondary winding. The magnetizing MMF is 10Amp turn and iron loss		
	is 1.2 Watt. Find transformation ratio R and phase angel error φ.		
d.	What are the types of digital voltmeters? Explain integrating type of	10	4
	digital voltmeter with neat sketch. What are its specific advantages?		
e.	Discuss working of strain gauge transducer and derive the expression of	10	5
	gauge factor G.		

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SECTION C

3. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Sketch the basic construction of a typical PMMC instrument & show	v 10	1
	how a PMMC instrument can be used as DC voltmeter, explain the circuit operation in detail.		
b.	Explain the circuit diagram for multi range voltmeter using individual multimeter resistors and series connected multiplier resistors.	10	1
	marvidual multimeter resistors and series connected multiplier resistors.		ı

4. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Describe the method of inductance measurement using Maxwell's bridge	10	2
	.An Maxwell inductance bridge uses a standard capacitor C ₃ = 0.1μF		
	balance is achieved when R $_1$ =1.26 K Ω , R $_3$ = 470 Ω , R $_4$ = 500 Ω find out		
	inductance of measured inductor and Q factor. Supply frequency=100Hz		
b.	Drive the equation of balance for Schering bridge. Draw the phasor	10	2
	diagram for balance condition. Discuss how the dissipation factor of	a	
	capacitor can be measured by it.		

5. Attempt any one part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	Explain the construction, principle of operation and working of a	10	3
	potential transformer with the help of a phasor diagram.		
b.	Explain in detail use of Silsbee deflection method for testing of current	10	3
	transformer. What are the advantages and disadvantages of instrumen	t	
	transformer?		

6. Attempt any part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	CO
a.	What are major components of CRT explain in detail with diagram? Why the operating voltage in CRT is arranged such that deflection plates are nearly at ground potential?	10	4
b.	Describe the basic circuit of Spectrum analyzer also explain different types of distortion caused by amplifier.	10	4

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

10x1=10

Qno.	Question	Marks	СО
a.	Describe construction and working of L.V.D.T with advantages and disadvantages.	10	5
b.	What do you mean by signal conditioning? Describe data acquisition system using proper diagram?	10	5